

Herodotus Book Viii Bk Viii Bcp Greek Texts

Annual Calendar of McGill College and University, Montreal
History of Merchant Shipping and Ancient Commerce
Herodotus
The Nation
On the War for Greek Freedom
Herodotus: Books VIII-IX
Enhancing Asia-Europe Co-operation Through Educational Exchange
Herodotus, the Seventh, Eighth, & Ninth Books: pt.I. Introduction. Book VII. (text and commentaries)
Annual Calendar of McGill College and University
The Histories
Herodotus
Herodotus. VIII. Urania
The Persian Wars
The Report of the President
Sophocles: Oedipus the King
Herodotus, Book IA
Lexicon to Herodotus
The School Journal
British Books in Print
History of Merchant Shipping and Ancient Commerce
History of Merchant Shipping and Ancient Commerce by W.S. Lindsay
The Writings of Origen: Contra Celsum, bk. II-VIII
History of the Franks
The Journal of Education
Xerxes Invades Greece
Herodotus: Histories I
Herodotus, the Seventh, Eighth, & Ninth Books, with Introduction, Text, Apparatus, Commentary, Appendices, Indices, Maps: pt. I. Introduction. Book VII. (text and commentaries)
Calendar - McGill University
Ptolemy's Almagest
An Account of Egypt
The Bookseller
Herodotus IX (Kalliope)
A Commentary on Herodotus
Thucydides Book 1
Journal of Education
The Diaries of Sir Ernest Satow, 1921-1926 - Volume One (1921-1923)
The Nation [Electronic Resource]
The Bookseller, Newsdealer and Stationer
The Rise of the Roman Empire
Bookseller

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History of Merchant Shipping and Ancient Commerce

Herodotus

Ptolemy's Almagest is one of the most influential scientific works in history. A masterpiece of technical exposition, it was the basic textbook of astronomy for more than a thousand years, and still is the main source for our knowledge of ancient astronomy. This translation, based on the standard Greek text of Heiberg, makes the work accessible to English readers in an intelligible and reliable form. It contains numerous corrections derived from medieval Arabic translations and extensive footnotes that take account of the great progress in understanding the work made in this century, due to the discovery of Babylonian records and other researches. It is designed to stand by itself as an interpretation of the original, but it will also be useful as an aid to reading the Greek text.

The Nation

'no one else in our times has attempted to write a universal history' Polybius' ambitious goal was to describe how Rome conquered the Mediterranean world in less than fifty-three years. This great study of imperialism takes the reader back to Rome's first encounter with Carthage in 264 and forward to her destruction of that renowned city in 146. Polybius, himself a leading Greek politician of the time, emphasizes the importance of practical experience for the writing of political history as well as the critical assessment of all the evidence. He attributes Rome's success to the greatness of its constitution and the character of its people, but also allows Fortune a role in designing the shape of world events. This new translation by Robin Waterfield, the first for over thirty years, includes the first five books in their entirety, and all of the fragmentary Books 6 and 12, containing Polybius' account of the Roman constitution and his outspoken views on how (and how not) to write history. Brian McGing's accompanying introduction and notes illuminate this remarkable political history. ABOUT THE SERIES: For over 100 years Oxford World's Classics has made available the widest range of literature from around the globe. Each affordable volume reflects Oxford's commitment to scholarship, providing the most accurate text plus a wealth of other valuable features, including expert introductions by leading authorities, helpful notes to clarify the text, up-to-date bibliographies for further study, and much more.

On the War for Greek Freedom

Herodotus: Books VIII-IX

Designed for students with little or no background in ancient Greek language, history, and culture, this new abridgment presents those selections that comprise Herodotus' historical narrative. These are meticulously annotated, and supplemented with a chronology of the Archaic Age, Historical Epilogue, glossary of main characters and places, index of proper names, and maps.

Enhancing Asia-Europe Co-operation Through Educational Exchange

The shipowner and politician William Schaw Lindsay (1816-77) combined a wealth of personal experience with a meticulous approach to research. Originally published in 1874-6, this is his authoritative four-volume history of the world of ships and maritime trade. Its coverage ranges from the legend of Noah's Ark, through ancient commerce and the colonising expeditions of the middle ages, to the progress brought about by the introduction of steam to the shipping of Lindsay's own day. Details on construction and performance sit alongside explanations of the customs and superstitions of seamen, complemented by full accounts of many important nautical events. Volume 1 encompasses shipping in the ancient world, the foundation of a royal and commercial navy in England, and tales of the Norman invasion and the Crusades to the Holy

Land, ending with Christopher Columbus' voyages of discovery. Evident throughout the work are Lindsay's practical knowledge and enthusiasm for his subject.

Herodotus, the Seventh, Eighth, & Ninth Books: pt.I. Introduction. Book VII. (text and commentaries)

For centuries the myth of Oedipus, the man who unwittingly killed his father and married his mother, has exerted a powerful hold on the human imagination; but no retelling of that myth has ever come close, in passion, drama, and menace to the one that we find in Sophocles' Oedipus the King. This new full-scale edition of that classic play - the first in any language since 1883 - offers a freshly constituted text based on consultation of manuscripts ancient and mediaeval. The introduction explores the play's dating and production, its creative engagement with pre-Sophoclean versions, its major themes, and its reception during antiquity. The commentary offers a detailed analysis, line by line and scene by scene, of the play's language, staging, and dramatic impact. The translation incorporated into the commentary ensures that the book will be accessible to all readers interested in what is arguably the greatest Greek tragedy of all.

Annual Calendar of McGill College and University

The Histories

Explains the principles of yoga and gives instructions for basic exercises.

Herodotus

Herodotus. VIII. Urania

Georg Wiessala offers a critique of the ways in which intellectual and academic exchanges inform and shape external interactions with countries, institutions and non-state actors across the Asia-Pacific. Wiessala analyses ideologies, mechanisms and policies through which matters of exchange and inter-cultural dialogue have come to bear on the EU-Asia dialogue.

The Persian Wars

A king who would be worshipped as a god When Xerxes, King of Persia, crosses the Hellespont at the head of a formidable army, it seems inevitable that Greece will be crushed beneath its might. But the Greeks are far harder to defeat than he could ever have imagined. As storms lash the Persian ships, and sinister omens predict a cruel fate for the expedition, Xerxes strives onward, certain his enemies will accept him as their king. But as he soon discovers, the Greeks will sacrifice anything, even their lives, to keep their liberty

The Report of the President

Sophocles: Oedipus the King

Herodotus, Book I

A Lexicon to Herodotus

The School Journal

British Books in Print

Book I of the "Histories" provides a particularly good illustration of the discursiveness and diversity of Herodotus' materials and of the ingenuity with which he develops his narrative and welds it into an artistic whole. Here he deals first with the distant mythological and then in greater detail with more recent history of Greek relations with the Near East, in an attempt to explain the origin of the quarrels between east and west which formed the background to the Persian Wars. This edition contains an introduction, text and annotation on matters of language and content. There is also an explanatory index of historical and geographical names.

History of Merchant Shipping and Ancient Commerce

Herodotus's Account of Egypt is the second book of the Histories, which contains descriptions of the marvels of the south: the size of the land, the wonders of the Nile, the religious ceremonies which will be as fascinating to the modern reader as it was to the ancient. From the priests at Memphis, Heliopolis, and the Egyptian Thebes he learned what he reports of the size of the country, the wonders of the Nile, the ceremonies of Egyptian religion, their sacred animals, the Crocodile and the Phoenix, their funerals and embalming, lotus and papyrus eating, the great kings and queens, and of the pyramids. Keep in mind that to Herodotus and the ancient Greeks, Egypt essentially was Africa - primitive maps show an ocean on all sides of the mysterious land to the south; so to understand this place was to know much of the world.

History of Merchant Shipping and Ancient Commerce by W.S. Lindsay

The Writings of Origen: Contra Celsum, bk. II-VIII

Vols. for 1871-76, 1913-14 include an extra number, The Christmas bookseller, separately paged and not included in the consecutive numbering of the regular series.

History of the Franks

Recounts the history of the Persian Wars, which occurred in 5th century Greece between the Persian Empire and Greek city-states, including Athens and Sparta. Discusses the Battle of Marathon, the Battle at Thermopylae, and the Battle of Plataea. The information is provided by Ellis L. Knox of Boise State University.

The Journal of Education

Xerxes Invades Greece

Herodotus: Histories I

Herodotus, the Seventh, Eighth, & Ninth Books, with Introduction, Text, Apparatus, Commentary, Appendices, Indices, Maps: pt. I. Introduction. Book VII. (text and commentaries)

The Greek statesman Polybius (c.200–118 BC) wrote his account of the relentless growth of the Roman Empire in order to help his fellow countrymen understand how their world came to be dominated by Rome. Opening with the Punic War in 264 BC, he vividly records the critical stages of Roman expansion: its campaigns throughout the Mediterranean, the temporary setbacks inflicted by Hannibal and the final destruction of Carthage. An active participant of the politics of his time as well as a friend of many prominent Roman citizens, Polybius drew on many eyewitness accounts in writing this cornerstone work of history.

Calendar - McGill University

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Ptolemy's Almagest

An Account of Egypt

The Bookseller

Herodotus IX (Kalliope)

A Commentary on Herodotus

Thucydides Book 1

Journal of Education

The distinguished diplomat Sir Ernest Satow's retirement began in 1906 and continued until his death in August 1929. From 1907 he settled in the small town of Ottery St. Mary in rural East Devon, England. He was very active, serving as a British delegate at the Second Hague Peace Conference in 1907 and on various committees related to church, missionary and other more local affairs: he was a magistrate and chairman of the Urban District Council. He had a very wide social circle of family, friends and former colleagues, with frequent distinguished visitors. He produced two seminal books: A Guide to Diplomatic Practice (1917, now in its seventh revised edition and referred to as 'Satow') and A Diplomat in Japan (1921). The latter is highly evaluated as a rare foreigner's view of the years leading to the Meiji Restoration of 1868. This book in two volumes is the last in a series of Satow's diaries edited by Ian Ruxton. This is the first-ever publication.

The Diaries of Sir Ernest Satow, 1921-1926 - Volume One (1921-1923)

Offers a better way to read Thucydides through the explanation of grammar and a glimpse into the history of classical scholarship

The Nation [Electronic Resource]

The Bookseller, Newsdealer and Stationer

The Rise of the Roman Empire

Bookseller

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